

# Phase transitions of gallium and indium determined by adiabatic calorimetry

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## Introduction

The determination of the enthalpy of fusion of gallium and indium on a metrological basis is described using a new adiabatic calorimeter with an operation range of 20°C to 200°C. The precursor of the calorimeter has been originally developed by West and Ginnings.<sup>1</sup> The enthalpy of fusion  $\Delta_{\text{fus}}h$ , the temperature of fusion  $T_{\text{fus}}$  and the heat capacities  $c_p$  of solids can be measured in a step-wise heating mode. The experiments on gallium and indium gave  $\Delta_{\text{fus}}h(\text{Ga}) = 80.13 \pm 0.01 \text{ J/g}$  and  $\Delta_{\text{fus}}h(\text{In}) = 28.66 \pm 0.02 \text{ J/g}$ . These experiments confirm the results of Archer and Rudtsch<sup>2, 3</sup> - which can be considered as the currently most accurate reference values<sup>4</sup> - within their given uncertainties. The experimental details as well as the principle of the determination of the enthalpy of fusion are described with the focus on the determination of a complete uncertainty budget according to the state-of-the-art.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>E. D. West, D. C. Ginnings, J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. **60**, 309 (1958).

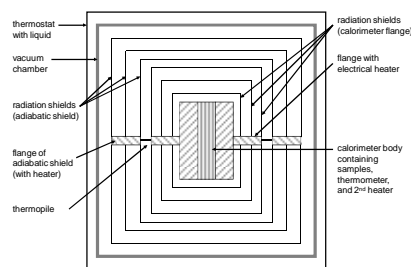
<sup>2</sup>D. G. Archer, J. Chem. Eng. Data **47**, 304 (2002).

<sup>3</sup>D. G. Archer, S. Rudtsch, J. Chem. Eng. Data **48**, 1157 (2003).

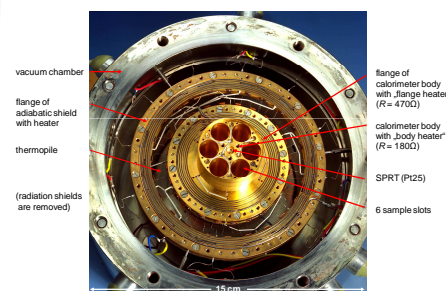
<sup>4</sup>G. Della Gatta, M. J. Richardson, S. M. Sarge, and S. Stølen, Pure Appl. Chem. **78**, 1455 (2006).

<sup>5</sup>Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM), ISO (1993).

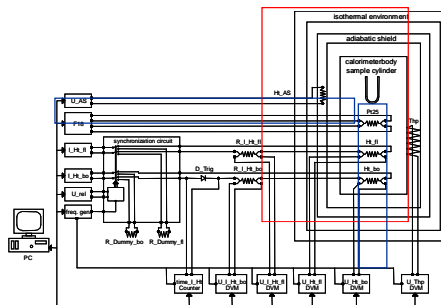
## Methods and Instrumentation



cross section adiabatic calorimeter



adiabatic calorimeter (photography)



data acquisition, experiment control

Phase transitions of high purity metals and alloys

- enthalpy of fusion
- temperature of fusion
- heat capacity
- phase diagrams

$$dH = dU + pdV + Vdp = dQ$$

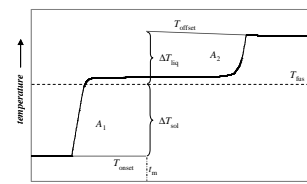
$$\Delta_{\text{fus}}H = E_{\text{el}} - Q_{\text{sol}} - Q_{\text{liq}} - Q_{\text{loss}}$$

$$\Delta_{\text{fus}}h = \frac{\Delta E_{\text{el}} - \Delta Q_{\text{total}}}{m}$$

$$\Delta Q_{\text{total}} = \Delta Q_{\text{sol}} + \Delta Q_{\text{liq}} + \Delta Q_{\text{loss}} = \Delta Q_{\text{sol}} + \Delta Q_{\text{liq}}$$

$$\Delta Q_{\text{sol}} = C_{\text{total}}(T_{\text{m,sol}}) \cdot \Delta T_{\text{sol}}$$

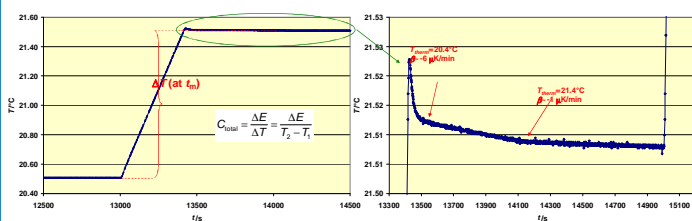
$$T_{\text{m,sol}} = \frac{T_{\text{onset}} + T_{\text{fus,exp}}}{2}$$



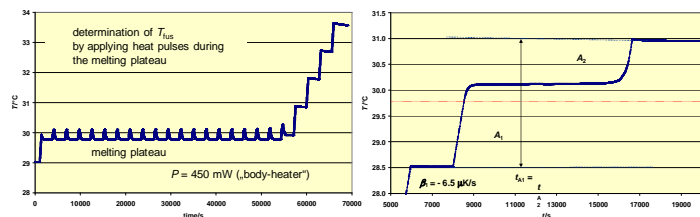
Determination of the enthalpy of fusion

- melting curve
- temperature difference by equal area method
- heat leakage is considered by temperature integration

## Results and Uncertainty Calculation



Gallium: step of total heat capacity determination (solid phase)



Gallium: left: stepwise heating ( $T_{\text{fus}}$ ), right: melting plateau ( $\Delta_{\text{fus}}H$ )

Uncertainty budget according to the GUM<sup>5</sup>

Quantity	Value	Standard Uncertainty	Degr. of Freedom	Sensitivity Coefficient	Uncertainty Contribution	Index/%
$\Delta E$	2411.1330 J	0.0890 J	50	0.04	0.0035 J/g	29.60
$\Delta Q_{\text{sol}}$	414.944 J	0.156 J	50	-3.2	-0.000094 J/g	0.00
$m$	24.9100000 g	0.0000293 g	50	-0.000020	0.000020 J/g	0.00
$\Delta Q_{\text{liq}}$	228.430 J	0.132 J	50	7.2	0.0036 J/g	31.00
$\Delta Q_{\text{tot}}$	186.514 J	0.132 J	50	-0.051	-0.0013 J/g	3.90
$c_{p,\text{sol}}$	179.9317 J/K	0.0250 J/K	50	0.04	0.000020 J/g	0.00
$T_{\text{fus}}$	29.778440 °C	0.000500 °C	50	7.2	0.0036 J/g	31.00
$T_{\text{onset}}$	28.508900 °C	0.000500 °C	50	-0.041	-0.0013 J/g	4.20
$c_{p,\text{liq}}$	180.9302 J/K	0.0320 J/K	50	-7.3	-0.0036 J/g	31.30
$T_{\text{onset}}$	30.809300 °C	0.000500 °C	50	-7.3	-0.0036 J/g	31.30
$\Delta h$	80.1360 J/g	0.00649 J/g	180			

Quantity:  $\Delta h$   
 Value: 80.136 J/g  
 Relative Expanded Uncertainty:  $\pm 0.016\%$   
 Coverage Factor: 2.0  
 Coverage: t-table 95%

Quantity	Value	Standard Uncertainty	Degr. of Freedom	Sensitivity Coefficient	Uncertainty Contribution	Index/%
$\Delta E$	1693.8530 J	0.0615 J	50	0.042	0.0026 J/g	8.30
$\Delta Q_{\text{sol}}$	1001.967 J	0.204 J	50	-1.2	-0.000034 J/g	0.00
$m$	23.7919800 g	0.0000280 g	50	-0.000028	0.000028 J/g	0.00
$\Delta Q_{\text{liq}}$	290.617 J	0.148 J	50	8.1	0.0040 J/g	20.40
$\Delta Q_{\text{tot}}$	711.350 J	0.196 J	50	-0.063	-0.0024 J/g	7.30
$c_{p,\text{sol}}$	192.4312 J/K	0.0380 J/K	50	0.0057	0.000028 J/g	0.00
$T_{\text{fus}}$	156.585870 °C	0.000500 °C	50	8.1	0.0040 J/g	20.40
$T_{\text{onset}}$	155.075631 °C	0.000500 °C	50	-0.16	-0.0059 J/g	43.50
$c_{p,\text{liq}}$	192.5666 J/K	0.0380 J/K	50	-8.1	-0.0040 J/g	20.50
$T_{\text{onset}}$	160.279917 °C	0.000500 °C	50	-8.1	-0.0040 J/g	20.50
$\Delta h$	28.6603 J/g	0.00895 J/g	180			

Quantity:  $\Delta h$   
 Value: 28.660 J/g  
 Relative Expanded Uncertainty:  $\pm 0.062\%$   
 Coverage Factor: 2.0  
 Coverage: t-table 95%

$$U^2(\Delta_{\text{fus}}h) = \left(\frac{\partial \Delta_{\text{fus}}h}{\partial E_{\text{el}}}\right)^2 \cdot u^2(E_{\text{el}}) + \left(\frac{\partial \Delta_{\text{fus}}h}{\partial E_{\text{start}}}\right)^2 \cdot u^2(E_{\text{start}}) + \left(\frac{\partial \Delta_{\text{fus}}h}{\partial \Delta Q_{\text{sol}}}\right)^2 \cdot u^2(\Delta Q_{\text{sol}}) + \left(\frac{\partial \Delta_{\text{fus}}h}{\partial \Delta Q_{\text{liq}}}\right)^2 \cdot u^2(\Delta Q_{\text{liq}}) + \left(\frac{\partial \Delta_{\text{fus}}h}{\partial m}\right)^2 \cdot u^2(m)$$

